

## FLUCLOXACILLIN

SYNONYMS	Floxacillin sodium
BRAND NAME	FLUBICLOX, FLUCIL, FLUCLOXACILLIN KABI
DRUG CLASS	Penicillin antibiotic
AVAILABILITY	Vial contains 500 mg, 1 g or 2 g of flucloxacillin sodium. <sup>1</sup> 1 g of flucloxacillin sodium contains 2.2 mmol of sodium. <sup>1,2</sup> 2 g of flucloxacillin sodium contains 4.52 mmol of sodium. <sup>1</sup>
WARNING	This is a penicillin. If the patient has a history of hypersensitivity to penicillins confirm antibiotic choice with the treating team. Pain and phlebitis are common and can be severe. <sup>3</sup> Use a central line (or PICC) for prolonged treatment and for continuous infusions.
рН	Approximately 5–7 when reconstituted <sup>4</sup>
PREPARATION	<b>For IM use</b> : reconstitute the 500 mg vial with 2 mL of water for injections and the 1 g vial with 2.5 mL of water for injections. May be reconstituted with lidocaine 1%. <sup>1</sup> Do not inject solutions that have been reconstituted with lidocaine intravenously. <b>For IV use</b> : reconstitute the 500 mg vial with 10 mL of water for injections, the 1 g vial with 15–20 mL of water for injections (the current Flubiclox 1 g vial will not accommodate more than 10 mL), or the 2 g vial with 40 mL of water for injections. <sup>1</sup> The reconstituted solution is clear. <sup>4</sup> <b>Powder volumes and part-dosing</b> :
	Flucil: 500 mg – 0.4 mL, 1 g – 0.7 mL. Reconstitute the 500 mg vial with 4.6 mL or the 1 g vial with 9.3 mL of water for injections to make a concentration of 100 mg/mL. <sup>1</sup> Flubiclox: 1 g – 0.8 mL, 2 g – 1.5 mL. <sup>1,5</sup> Reconstitute the 1 g vial with 9.2 mL of water for injections to make a concentration of 100 mg/mL. Kabi: 1 g – 1 mL. Reconstitute the 1 g vial with 19 mL of water for injections to make a concentration of 50 mg/mL. <sup>6</sup>
STABILITY	<ul> <li>Vial: store below 25 °C. Protect from light.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Reconstituted solution: use immediately.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Infusion solution: stable for 24 hours at 2 to 8 °C.<sup>1</sup> Concentrations of 5 mg/mL and 60 mg/mL in sodium chloride 0.9% prepared in a sterile production unit are stable for 3 days at 2 to 8 °C.<sup>7</sup></li> <li><b>Buffered solutions for CoPAT use:</b></li> <li>Concentrations of 5 mg and 60 mg/mL in citrate-buffered sodium chloride 0.9% are stable for 24 hours at 37 °C. Use 4.7 mL of sodium citrate 4% to reconstitute the 1 g vial.<sup>7</sup></li> <li>Concentrations of 10 mg/mL and 50 mg/mL in citrate-buffered saline are stable for 24 hours at 32 °C.<sup>8</sup></li> <li>Concentrations of 50 mg/mL and 120 mg/mL in phosphate-buffered sodium chloride 0.9% are stable for 24 hours at 37 °C.<sup>9</sup></li> <li>Buffered solutions prepared in a sterile production unit are stable for 14 days at 2 to 8 °C.<sup>8,9</sup></li> <li><b>Unbuffered solutions for CoPAT use:</b></li> </ul>
	Concentrations of 50 mg/mL in sodium chloride 0.9% are stable for 24 hours at 31 °C. <sup>8</sup> Stable for less than 12 hours at 37 °C. <sup>9,10</sup> For 24 hour continuous infusions use a buffered solution or consider splitting the dose and providing as two 12 hour infusions; store the second bag at 2 to 8 °C until ready to use. <sup>11</sup> continued over the page
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ADMINISTRATION	
IM injection	Suitable for adults and children. <sup>1</sup> The injection is painful.
SUBCUT injection	Not recommended
IV injection	Inject the dose slowly over 3 to 4 minutes. <sup>1</sup> A dose of 2 g can be injected over 6 to 8 minutes, however infusion is preferred as phlebitis is common.
IV infusion	Preferred route for large doses e.g. 2 g. Dilute the dose in a suitable volume of a compatible fluid and infuse over 30 to 60 minutes.
	The total daily dose (8 to 12 g) may be given as a 24 hour continuous infusion in the community setting. <sup>11</sup> See STABILITY
IV use for infants	Dilute to a convenient volume and infuse over 30 to 60 minutes. <sup>12</sup>
and children	May be given by IV injection over 3 to 4 minutes, however pain and phlebitis are common and can be severe. <sup>1,12</sup>
Other	Suitable for intrapleural and intra-articular use. <sup>1</sup>
COMPATIBILITY	
	Sodium chloride 0.9% <sup>1,2</sup> , glucose 5% <sup>1,2</sup> , glucose in sodium chloride solutions <sup>1,2</sup> , Hartmann's <sup>2</sup> , Plasma-Lyte 148 via Y-site <sup>13</sup>
Y-site	No information
INCOMPATIBILITY Fluids Drugs	Blood products <sup>1</sup> , protein-containing fluids <sup>1</sup> Aminoglycosides: amikacin, gentamicin, tobramycin <sup>1</sup> , amiodarone <sup>2</sup> , atropine <sup>2</sup> ,

buprenorphine<sup>2</sup>, calcium gluconate<sup>2</sup>, ciprofloxacin<sup>2</sup>, dobutamine<sup>2</sup>, erythromycin<sup>2</sup>, lorazepam<sup>14</sup>, metoclopramide<sup>2</sup>, midazolam<sup>14</sup>, morphine sulfate<sup>2</sup>, pethidine<sup>2</sup>, promethazine<sup>2</sup>, vancomycin<sup>14</sup>, verapamil<sup>2</sup>

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